

Governor Harry H. Woodring, Correspondence Files, Box 25

Section 14, Pages 391 - 420

These folders contain correspondence with Governor Woodring on the topic of unemployment for the years 1931 and 1932.

Creator: Kansas. Governor (1931-1933: Woodring)

Date: 1931-1932

Callnumber: Governor's Office, Governor Henry H. Woodring, Correspondence, Subject Files, Box 25

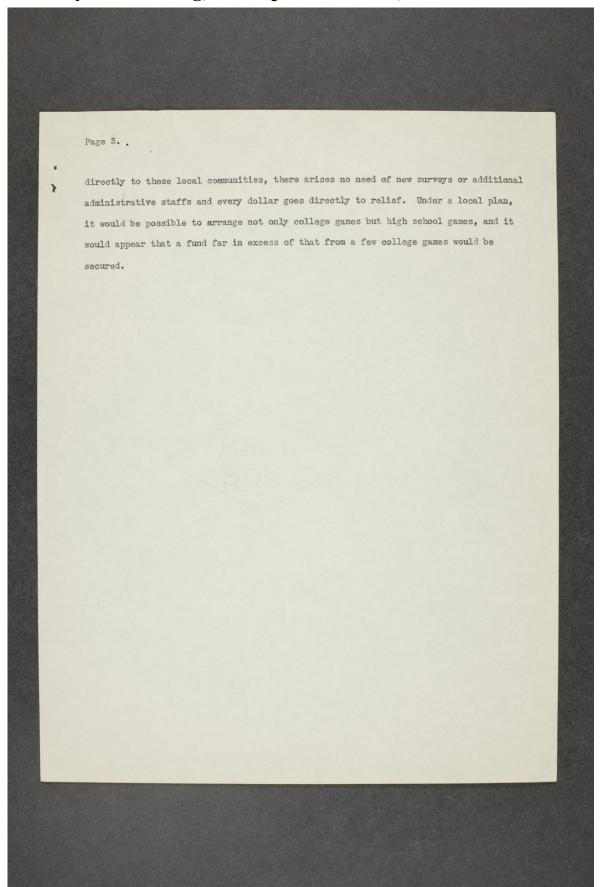
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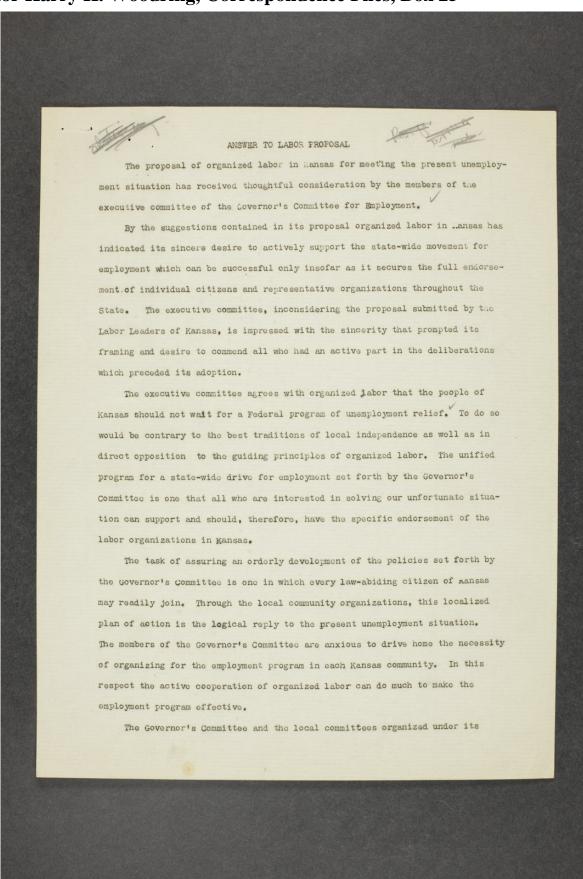
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supervision are EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEES devoted to the specific purpose of devising ways and means of securing employment for Kansas citizens. This committee is not a charitable organization although in cases of absolute necessity the committee will cooperate fully with charitable organizations in alleviating suffering and distress. The Committee believes that the responsibility for providing work for Kansas labor rests primarily with the people of mansas. It is opposed to the placement of this responsibility upon the State as such action is one step nearer to making the workingman an object of charity. From the point of view of American organized labor, even the suggestion of a semi-dole system is absolutely untenable. The whole of the proposed program is to provide employment for honest, selfrespecting citizens. Reductions in governmental expenditure are taking place all over the country. The specific proposals for logislative action as outlined in the third section of the labor proposal likely would encounter determined epposition from many quarters. As regards the proposal that an adequate appropriation be made for the creation of relief work (Proposal A), it is the opinion of the executive committee that the individual communities, through voluntary contributions, will provide more generous funds than will appeals to the Legislature at the present time. The Governor's Committee has previously gone on record as favoring the construction of public works alroady planned or for which funds are now available. Regarding the proposal to secure additional funds by increasing the present gasoline tax from three cents to five cents per gallon (Proposal B). The Governor's Committee, after consultation with recognized experts in this field, has reached the conclusion that such a procedure would operate to reduce the total revenue derived from this source and would, therefore, tend to defeat the attainment of the objective desired. Moreover, the gasoline tax is already 'carmarked' for highway construction and the receipts devoted to this work are matched dollar for dollar by appropriations from the Federal treasury. Any alteration in the



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utilization of the receipts from the gaseline tax would deprive the State of Kansas of Federal assistance which obviously materially increases the total money available for the provision of employment within the State. Since the Highway Commission, after considerable difficulty, has recently secured from the Federal Government permission to control the awarding of contracts so that expenditures will be used in employing Kansas labor, it would seem the part of wisdom to allow any funds so derived to be used as at present.

The function suggested in the proposal for the creation of an emergency relief board (Proposal C) is provided for in the Committee's program by the organization of local committees under the supervision of the Governor's Committee.

The proposal to institute a five day wock and a six hour day on municipal and state work (Proposal D) would necessarily curtail the prosecution of public work. Additional funds to prevent such curtailment would not readily be provided by public authority in the light of present conditions. In effect this proposal would entail a wage increase which would doubtless alienate the sympathy and support of a large group of employers who are now actively cooperating in the efforts of the Governor's Committee to maintain wages at the highest possible levels.

The Authorization of the issuance of three year bonds (Proposal E) in case of failure of the above proposals, or the alternative of State scrip (Proposal F), are not necessary to accomplish the purpose intended. The County Commissioners under Section 39-304, Revised Statutes of Mansas, 1923, are already duty bound to properly provide for the relief of distressed persons resident within their counties.

The active support and cooperation of organized labor in Kansas is requested in bringing about an equitable distribution of employment throughout the duration of this period of emergency. Such an attitude will do much to eliminate any unrest and will go far toward lightening the inevitable necessity for some dispensation of charity.



