

#### Governor Edward Arn, correspondence files, box 57

Section 6, Pages 151 - 180

These folders contain correspondence subject files with Governor Arn, the thirty-second governor of Kansas, serving from January 8, 1951 to January 10, 1955. Subjects in this box include floods, federal assistance, domestic emergency assistance and situation report, and Fort Hays State College. Starting on July 13, 1951, one of the most costly floods in Kansas' history swept down the Kansas River valley into the Missouri River basin. The Kansas River valley had flooded before but not with this magnitude and damage. During the period of July 9-13, some areas in the Kansas River basin received 18.5 inches of rain. The eastern half of the basin averaged 8 inches.

Creator: Kansas. Governor (1951-1955 : Arn)

Date: September 1951-January 1955

Callnumber: Governor's Office, Governor Edward Arn, Correspondence Files, Subject Files Box 57

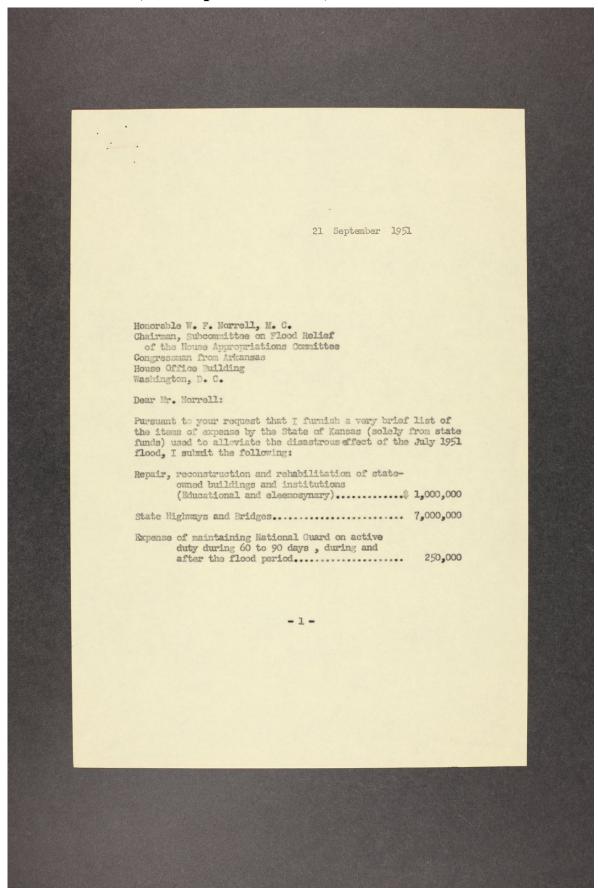
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# KANSAS HISTORICAL SOCIETY







-2-
W. F. Norrell, M. C., Washington, D. C.
Welfare & Public Health 4,000,000
Administration of Public Law 875
Rescue work by State Highway Commission and State Highway Patrol; by State Dept. of Civilian
Defense
In addition thereto the political subdivisions such as cities, counties, school districts and drainage districts sustained losses conservatively estimated as follows:
Cities (community facilities other than streets) \$35,000,000
City streets 17,000,000
County roads and bridges (not state highways) 14,500,000
County buildings and facilities
Drainage districts 5,000,000
School districts
\$64,700,000
The time allowed me Friday afternoon (September 21) by your committee was greatly appreciated by me and by the people of Kansas. If I can be of further assistance, please command me.
Sincerely,
GOVERNOR



House	EE ON APPROPRIATIONS DF REPRESENTATIVES MEMORANDUM
that I fun	to your request with a very of the items
of expens	to alleviate
the desorter	ous affect of the
Refair res rebablitation + institution elemosynay)	metruction and state Southings (Educational + 1,000,000

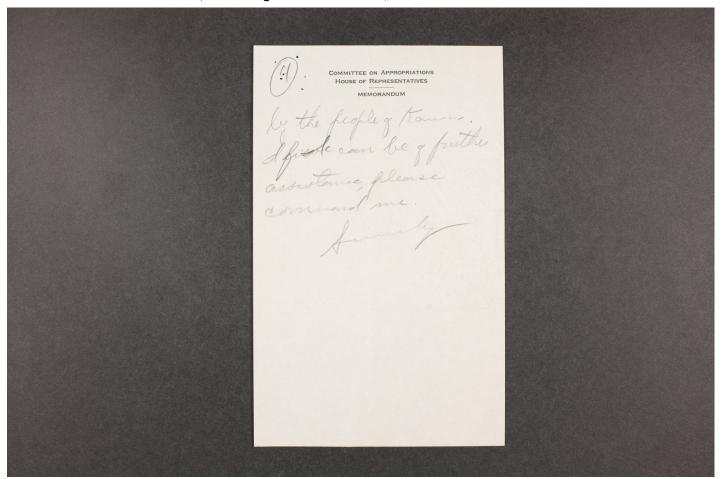


COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	
State Highways and 7,000,000 Bridges 7,000,000	
Expense of manhammy	
Matinal Sevard Onfactive Outry during 60 to 90 Lays during & after the flood period 250,000 Welfare & Public Hattle, - 4,000,000	
55,000 25,000	
Resource work by State  Heylway Commission at 250,000  State Heylway Patrol  State Heylway Patrol  Out by State Defty	
O . A. tun theelo	
the political subdivisions such as Cities, Counties,	

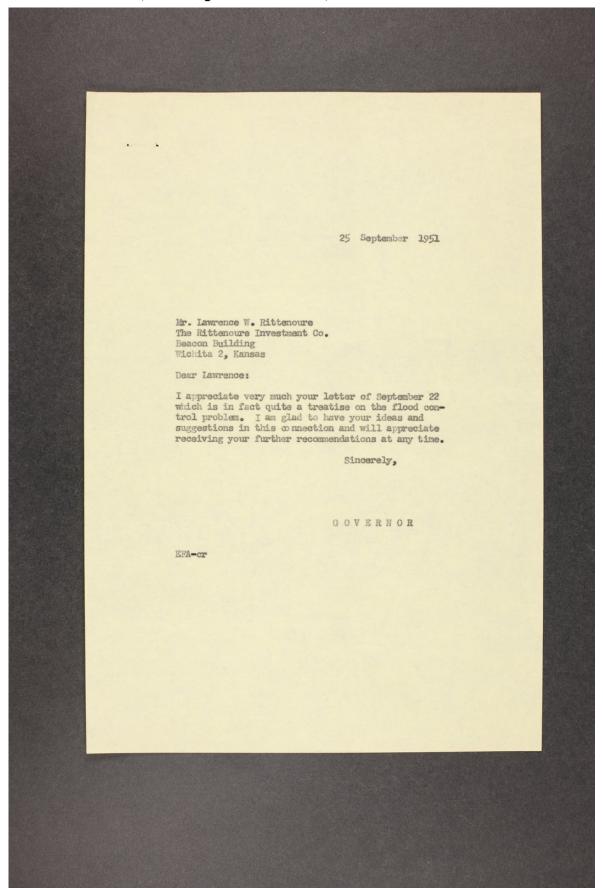


COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
School Destrict & Danage District sustained
losses conservaturely estimated as fallows:
City street 17,000
Country Roads & Bridges 14 500, as
County Blogs & facilities 1,500,000
Delool Districts 1,700,000
The time glowedone Friday afternoon (Sept 21) by your committee
was greatly affricated by me +

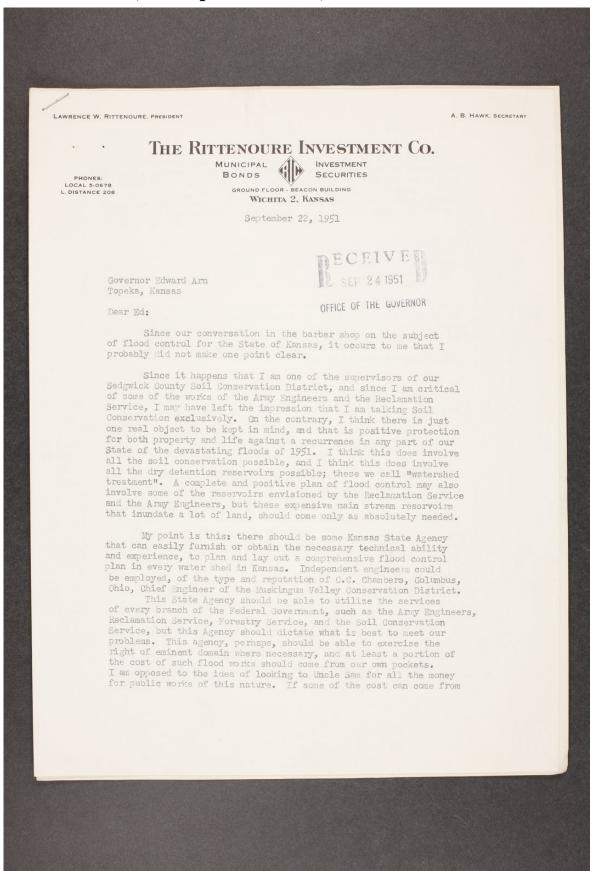




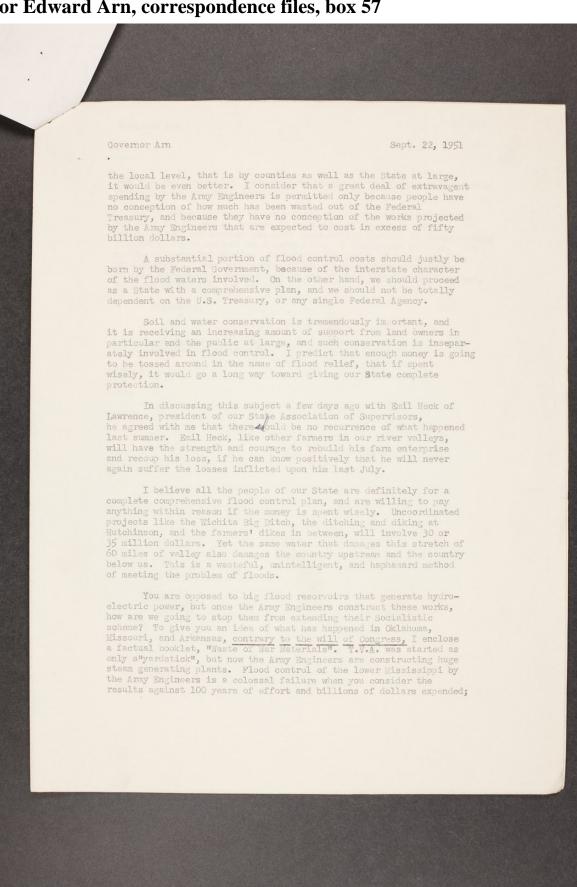




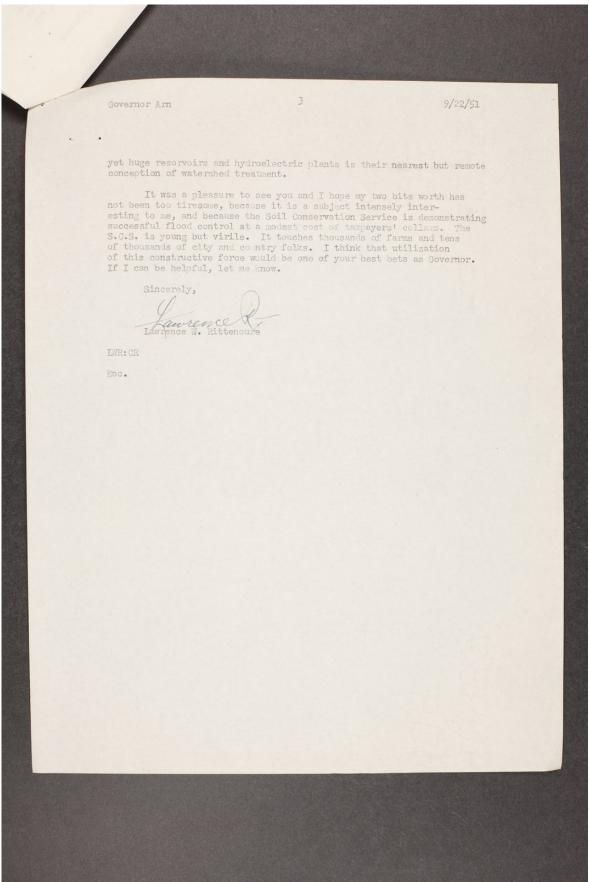




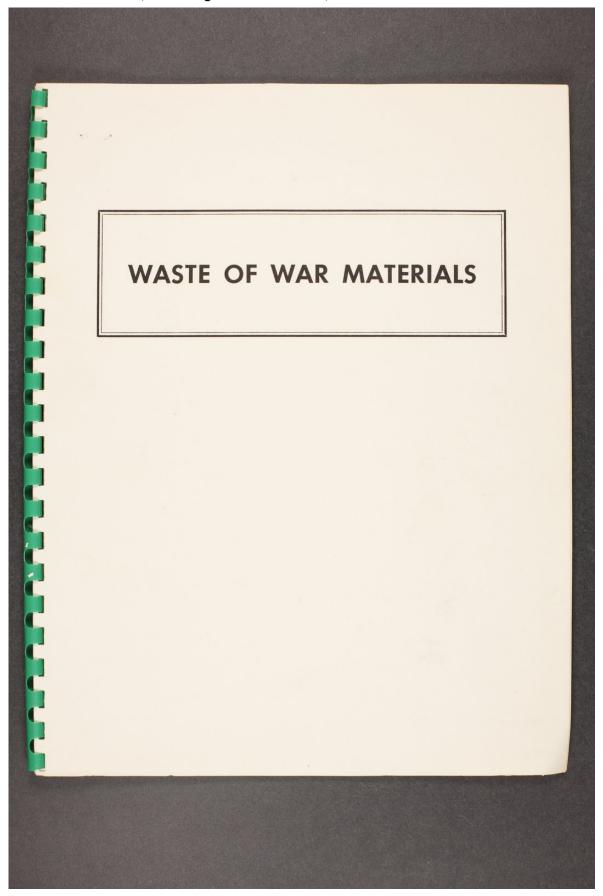




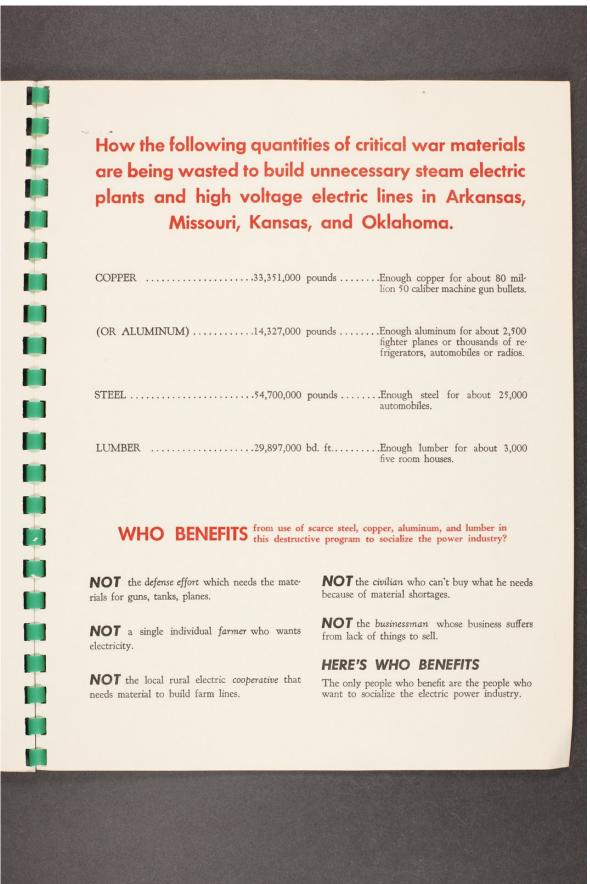




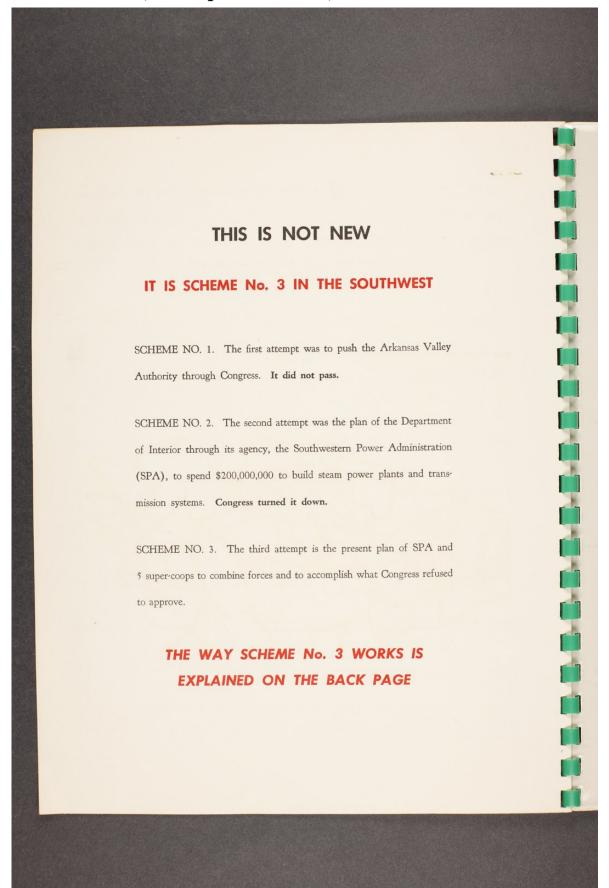




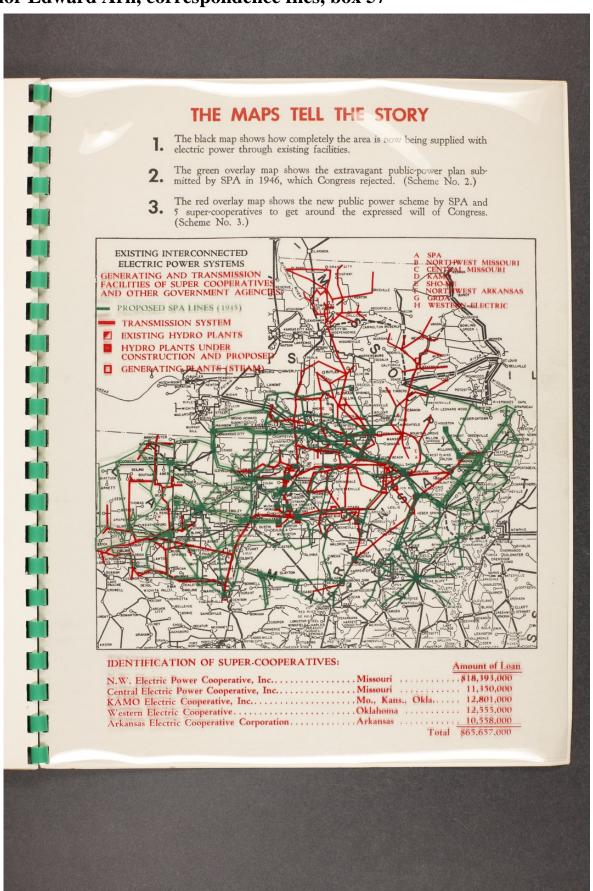




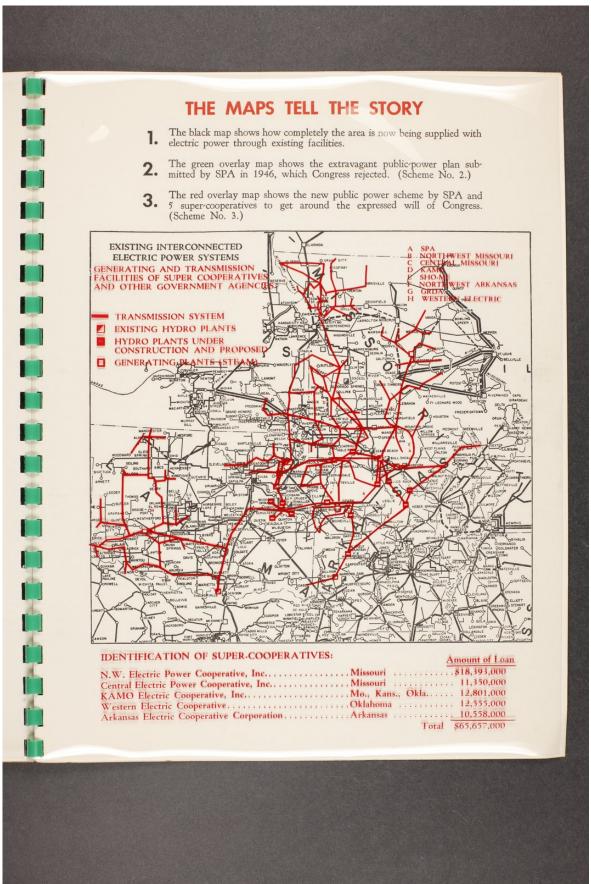




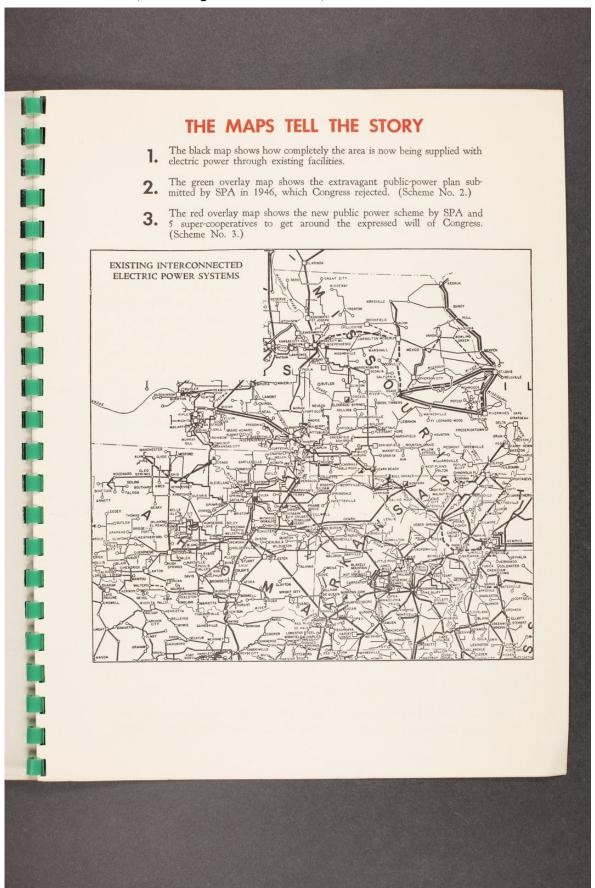










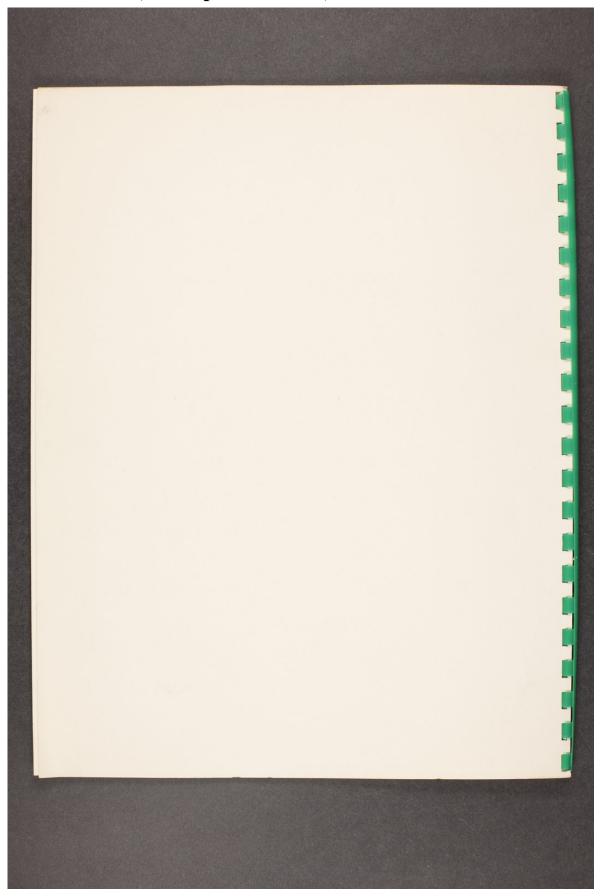




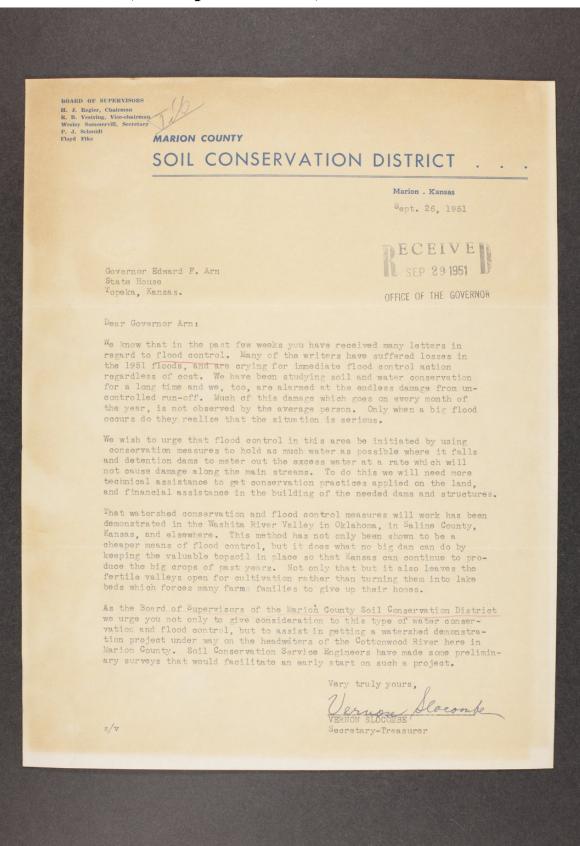
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#### THE DETAILED STORY OF THE SUPER - CO-OP/SPA COMBINE Generating and transmission cooperatives-known as "super-co-ops"-are financed by the Washington lending agency of the Rural Electrification Administration. The Southwestern Power Administration and five of these super-coops, acting jointly, have invented an ingenious plan to create a gigantic public power system in the Southwest. The explanation of how this plan works is found in the comparison of legal powers and limitations set forth below: Southwestern Power Administration The Washington lending agency of the Rural Electrification Administration (Created by Department of Interior to market hydro-electric power from river control projects in the Southwest.) (Created to provide electric service to rural areas not already receiving service.) Must obtain appropriations from Congress for Receives annual lump sum appropriations from specific purposes. Congress. Is not authorized to build steam plants. May loan funds for steam plants. Must have specific approval from Congress to Does not need Congressional approval of loans build any transmission line. for transmission lines. Can lend money to supply electricity only in rural Can sell power in urban as well as rural areas. NOW LET'S SEE HOW THE SUPER - CO-OP/SPA COMBINE GETS AROUND THE WILL OF CONGRESS: 1. The Washington lending agency of the Rural Electrification Administration lends funds to a supercooperative to build a steam generating plant. 2. Southwestern Power Administration contracts to buy the entire output of the steam plant for forty 3. The Washington lending agency of the Rural Electrification Administration lends money to the supercooperative to build high-voltage transmission lines. 4. Southwestern Power Administration leases these lines from the super-cooperative for forty years with option to purchase. Thus, by this combine: 1. SPA is able to get the use of steam power plants which Congress refused to authorize for SPA. 2. SPA gets the use of, and an option to buy, a transmission system which Congress has not authorized. 3. SPA winds up as a steam hydro electric system which competes directly with the electric companies which have served the same area satisfactorily for years. Unless this subsidized competition is stopped, it will destroy the electric companies and be a step toward nationalization of the electric industry and of ALL INDUSTRY

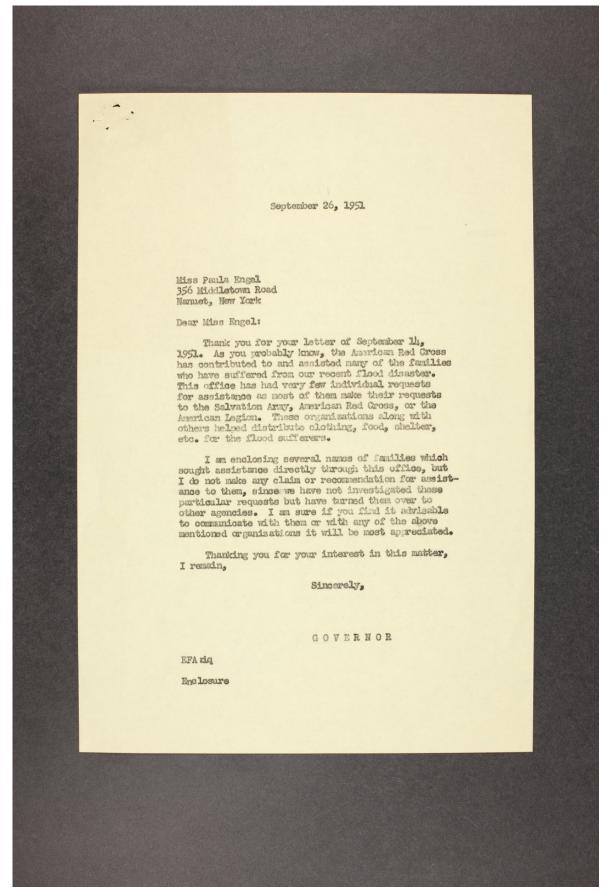








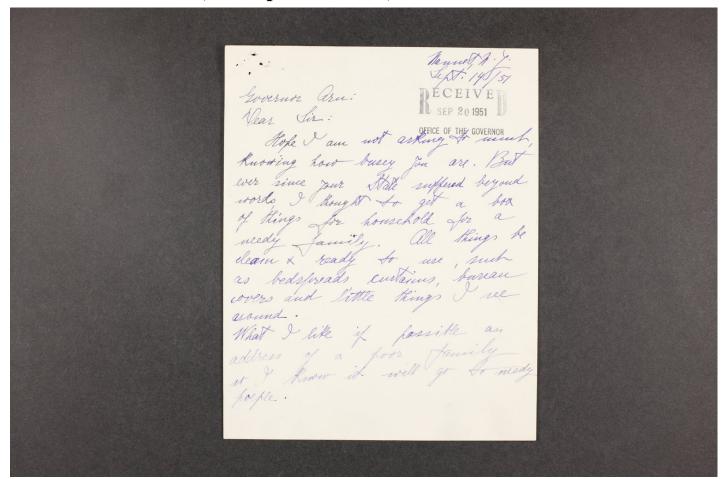














Jewlose a clipping of our hejack haper, so jou see who I am. So for no one would tell me to whom I should write where to send the box, just by shawe I saw jour name in	
Sife Magazine.  Thank for for an early leply,  I remain, Simerely  Raula Hengel	



