

Temperance history correspondence

Section 18, Pages 511 - 540

This is correspondence sent and received by members of the Kansas State Temperance Union, including Robert Norris, secretary Topeka, Kansas;, John Marshall, attorney, Ellsworth, Kansas; and Julian K. Codding, attorney, Wamego, Kansas. A letter from H. C. Ericsson, sheriff of Wabaunsee County, lists the names of several individuals that have been "seen drinking." Frequent letters are exchanged with George H. Stuessi, an attorney in Pittsburg, Kansas, regarding legal cases involving alcohol in Girard, Kansas. Although Kansas was the first state to adopt a constitutional amendment prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in 1880, the law was largely unenforced.

Date: 1906

Callnumber: Temperance History Coll. #645, Box 6 Folder 4 - Box 7 Folder 4

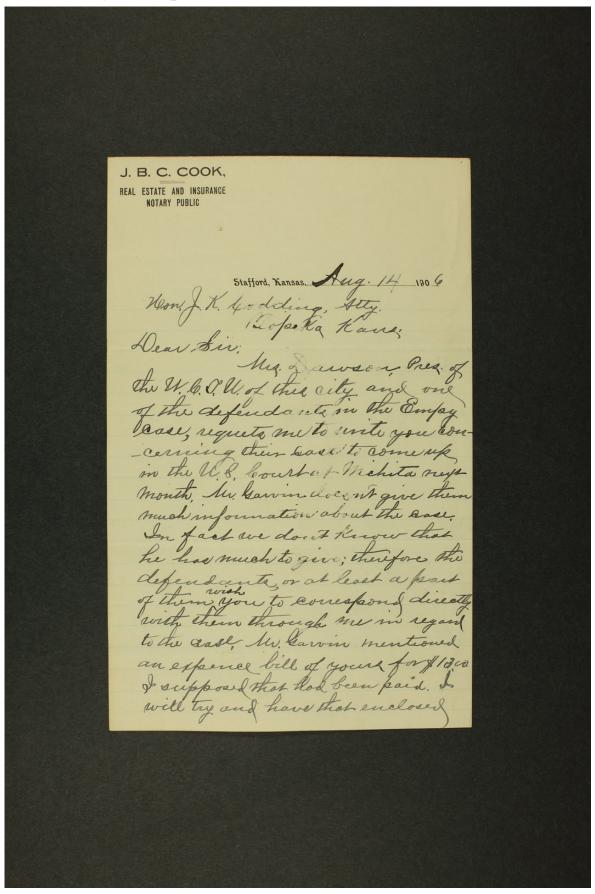
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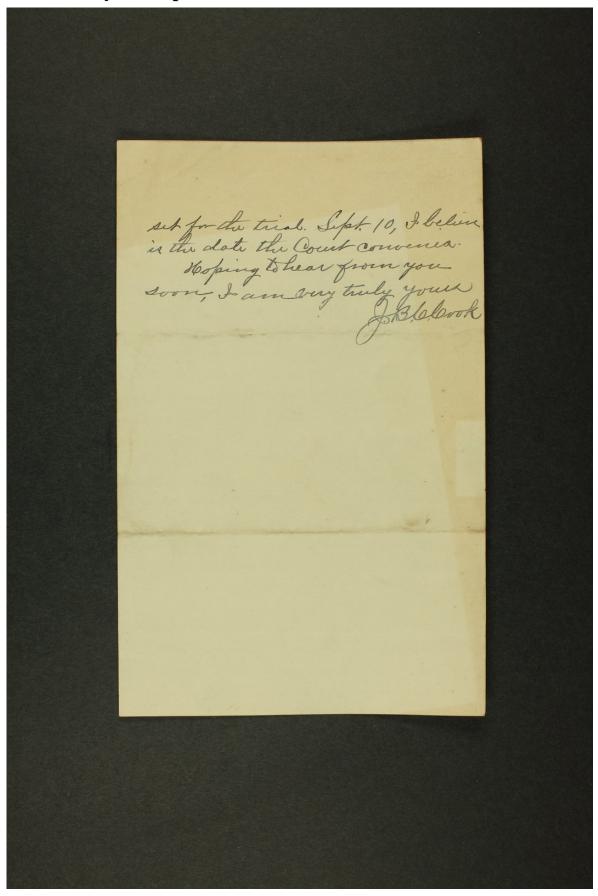




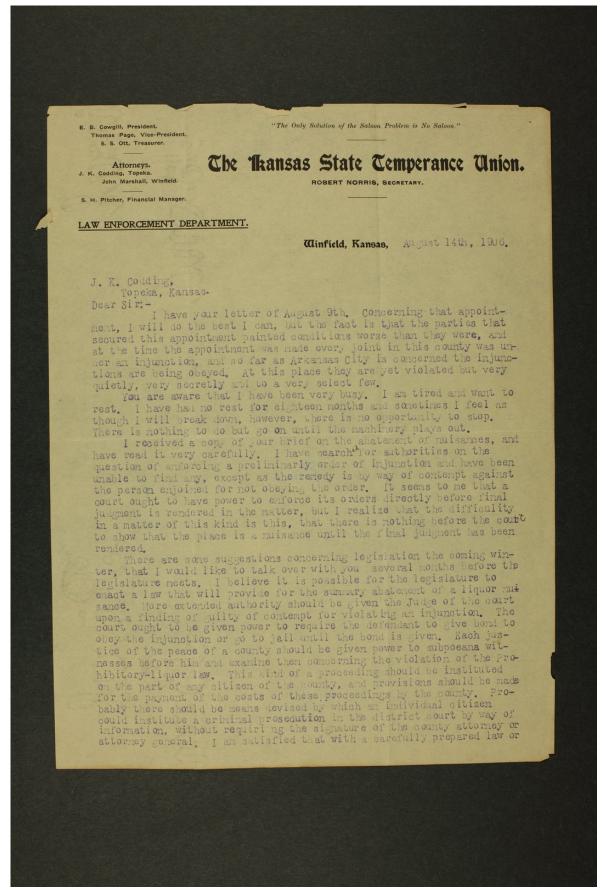


J. B. C. COOK, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE NOTARY PUBLIC
in this letter by Garvin told me some time ago that he had
for selling which in violation of law, and that he had a warrant for his arrest, but it seems he had
fingers. The bodding we would like for you to give us all the information you saw, and also what you
of the enemy shows fight we wish to have our gune ready and our powder dry, and go into the
Mrs. Dawson is an enthusiastic temperance worker, and she wishes to be present when the cose is called. So please notify us in time of the date

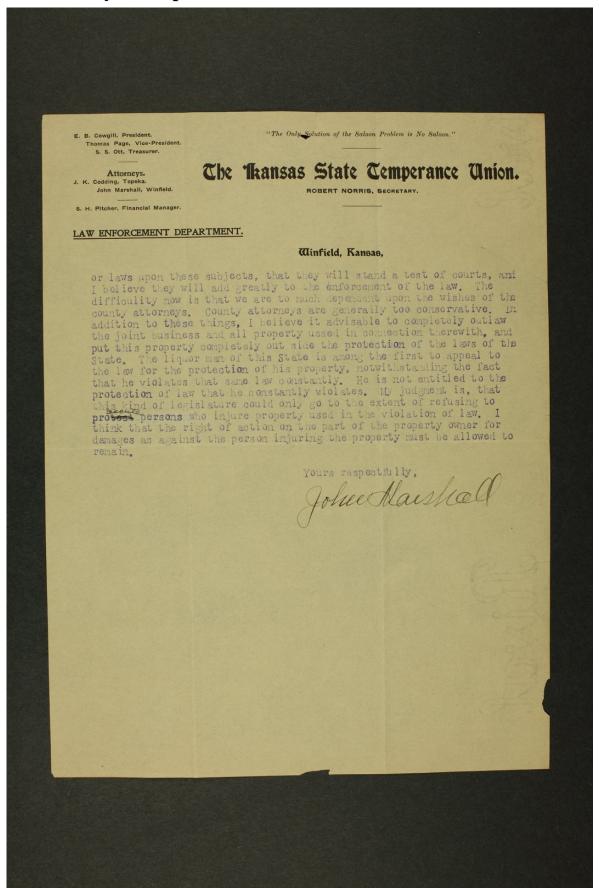




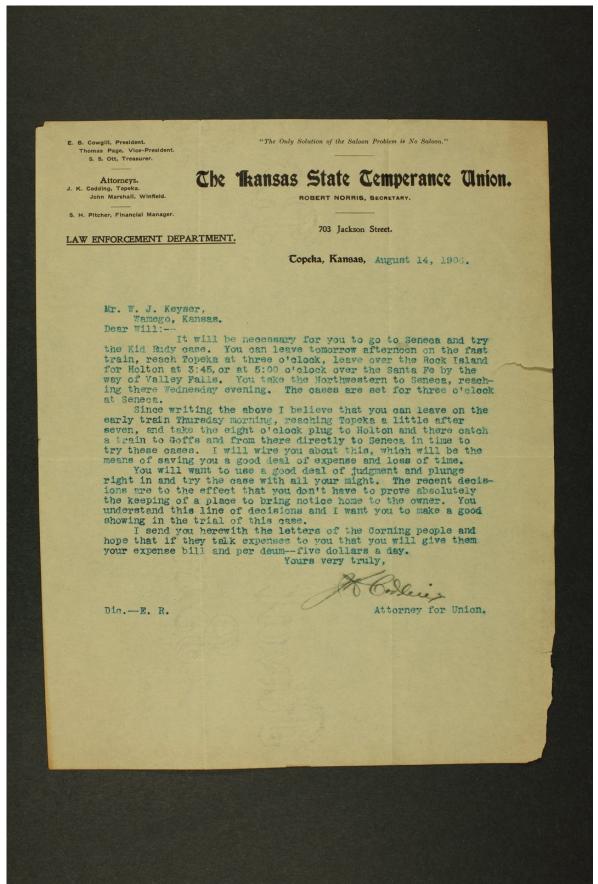




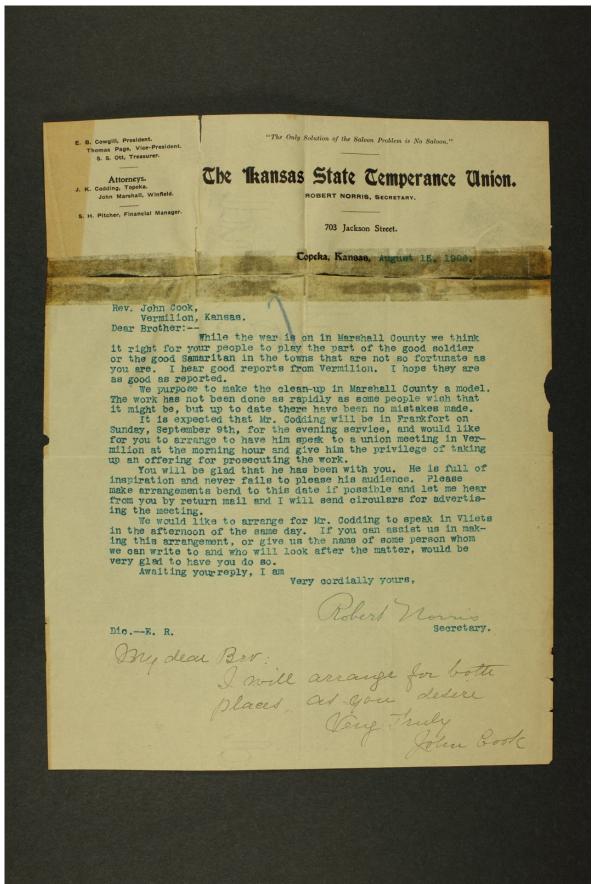




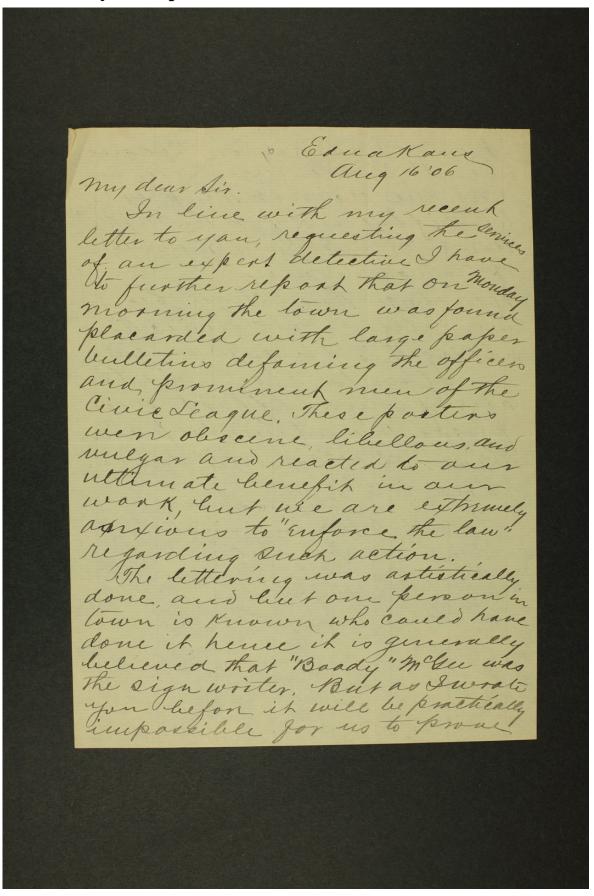




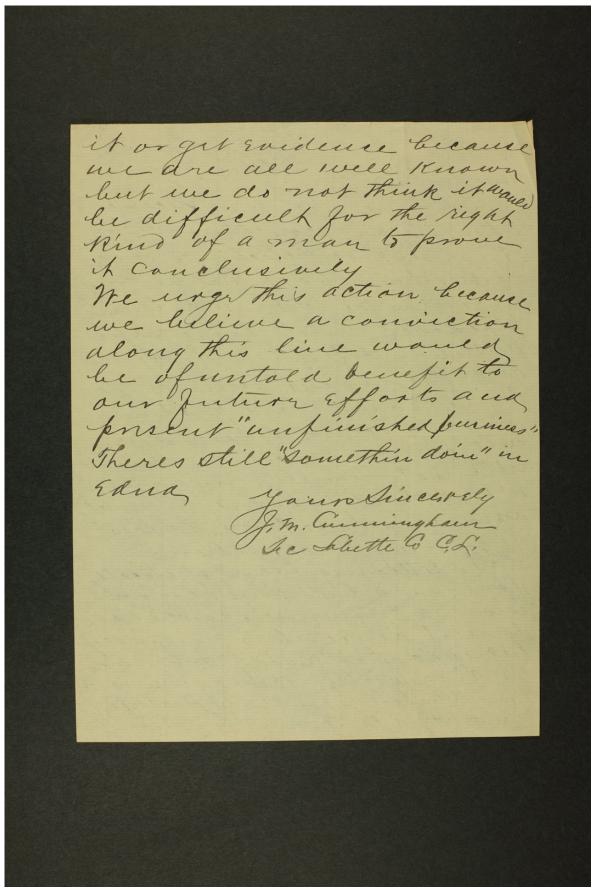




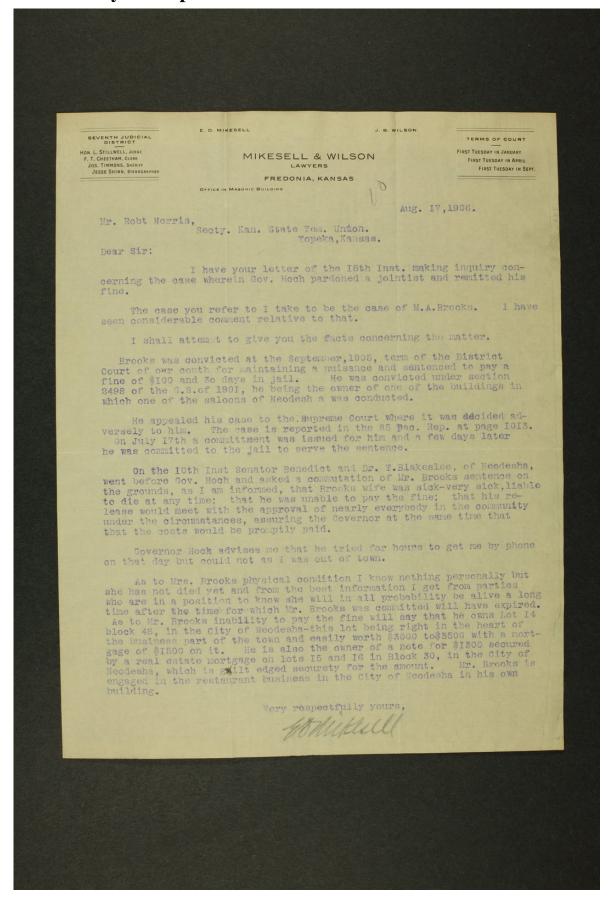




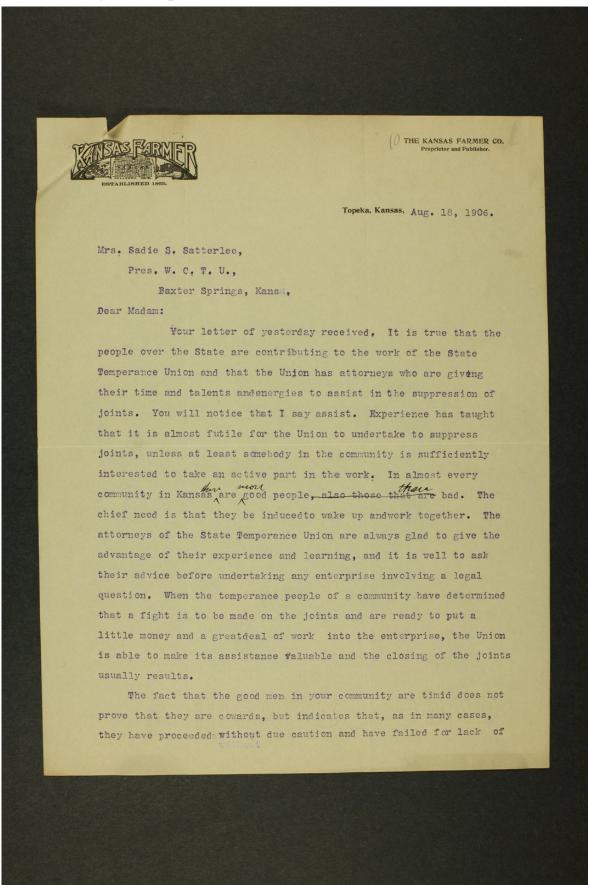




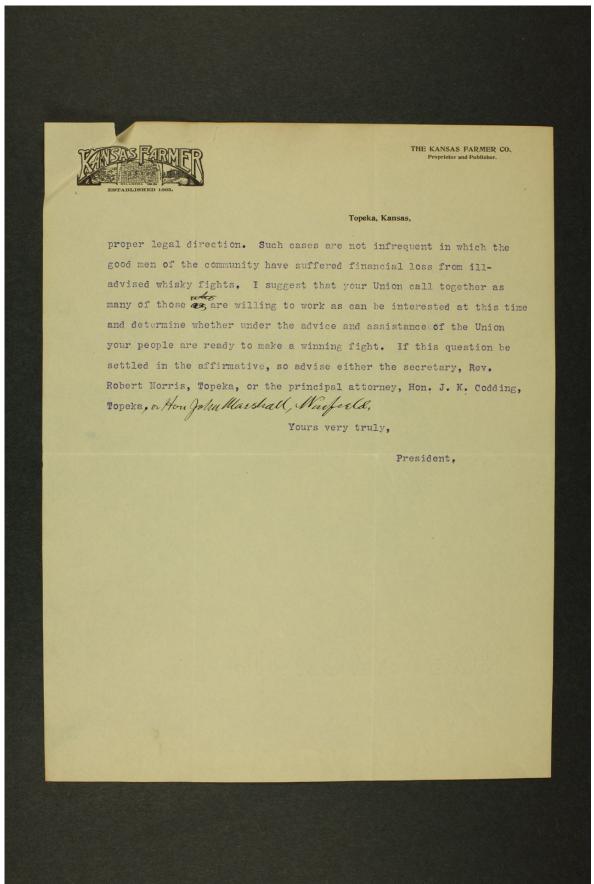




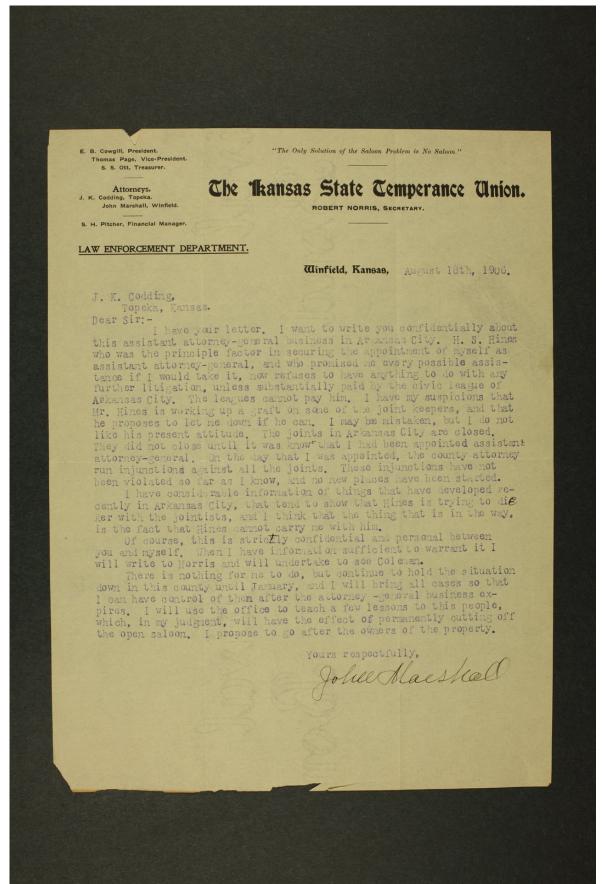




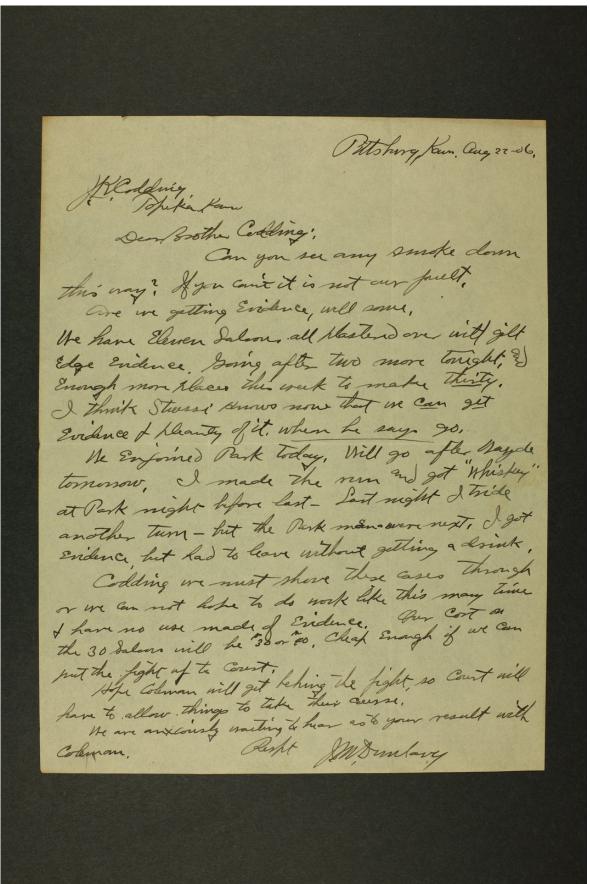




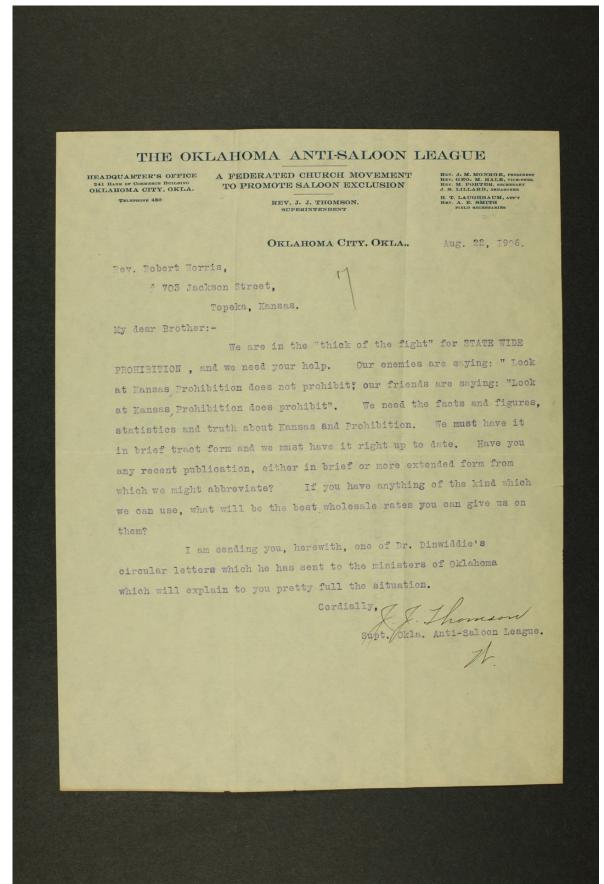




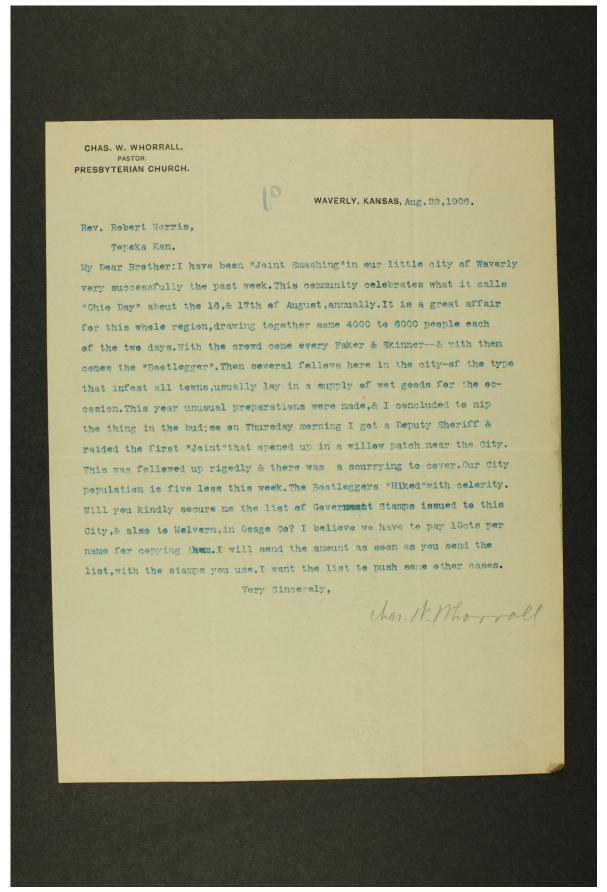




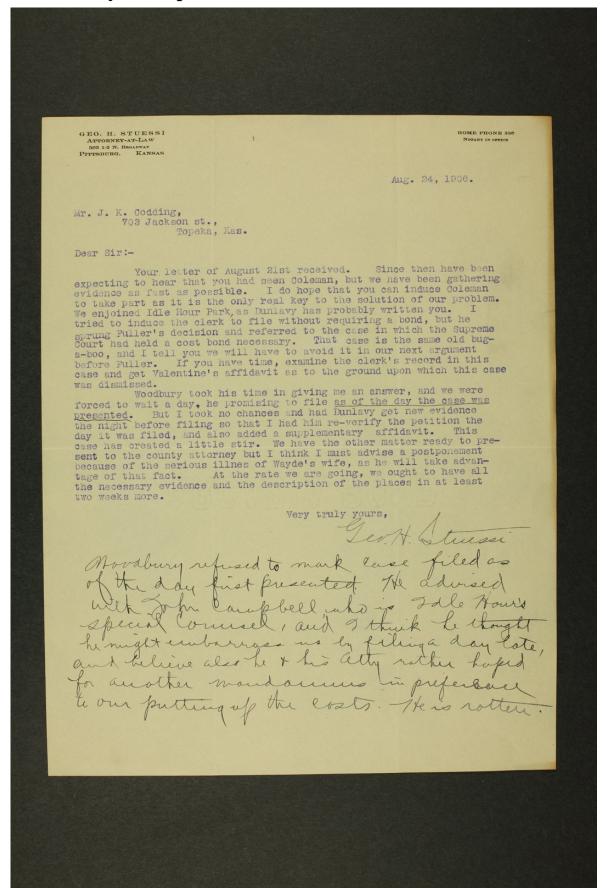




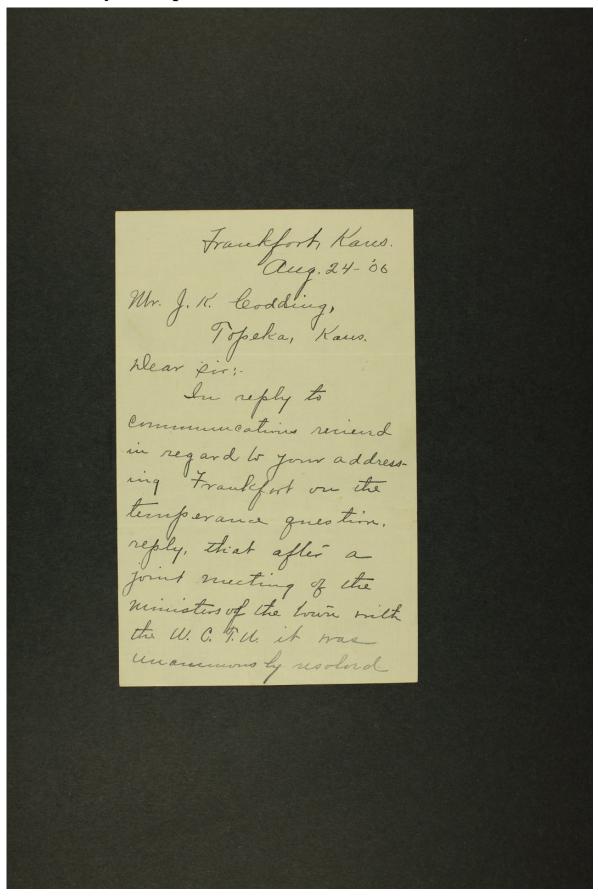




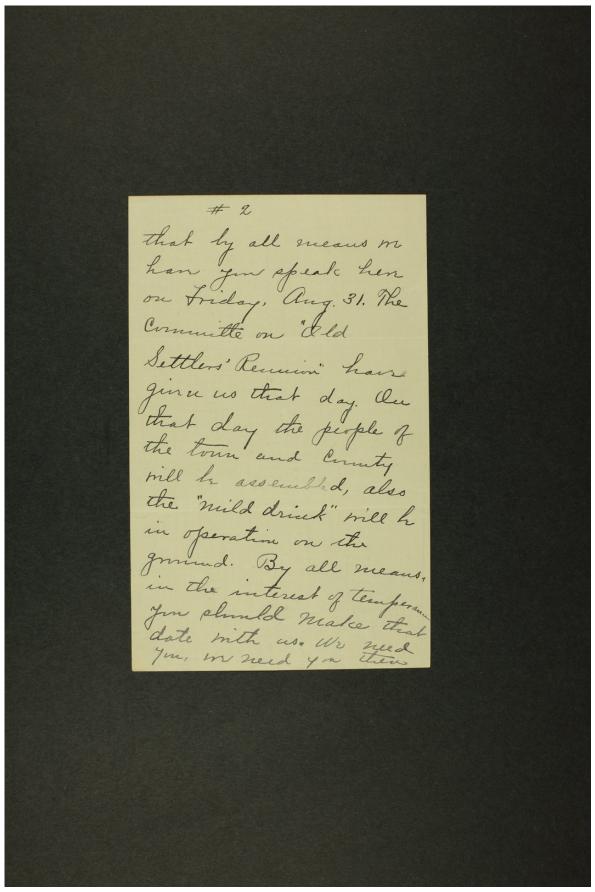




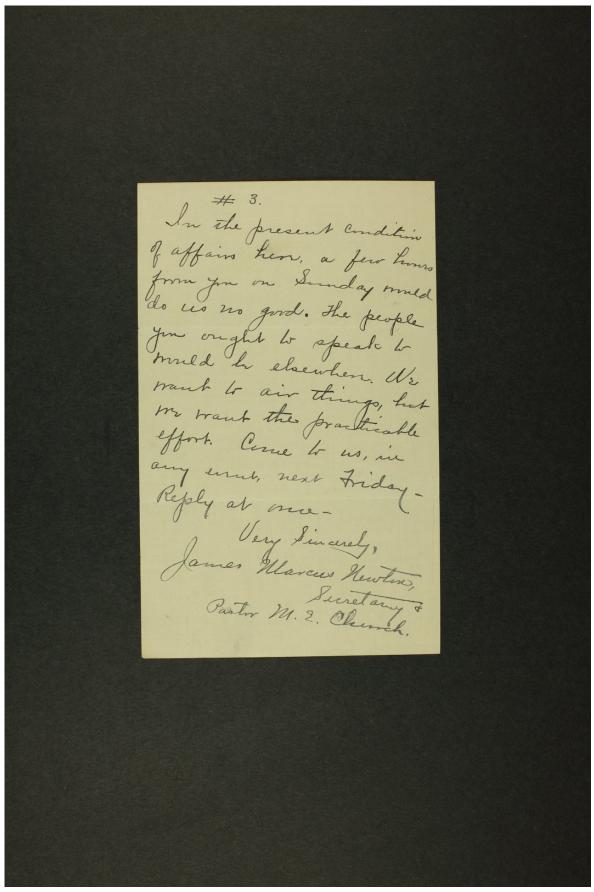




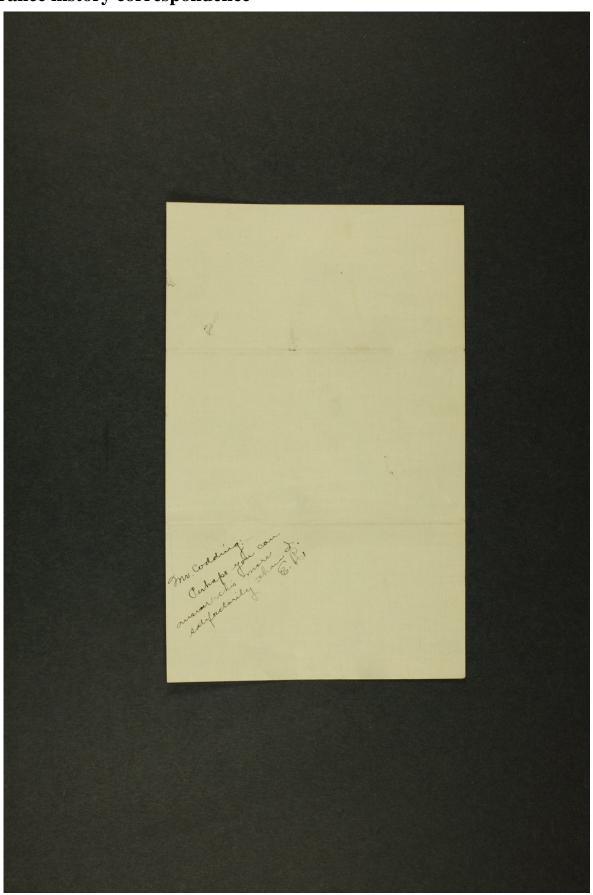














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Department of Justice.

United States Attorney's Office,

District of Ransas,

Topeka, Mans., Aug. 24, 1906.

Robert Norris,

Secy./Atate Temperance Union,

Topeka, Kansas.

Dear Sir: -

Replying to yours of Aug., 15, I will say that the Act of June 21, 1906, reads as follows:-

"Sec. 3240. Each collector of internal revenue shall, under regulations of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, place and keep conspictiously in his office, for public inspection, an alphabetical list of the names of all persons who shall have paid special taxes within his district, and shall state thereon the time, place and business for which such special taxes have been paid, and upon application of any prosecuting officer of any State, county, or municipality he shall furnish a certified copy thereof, as of a public record, for which a fee of one dollar for each one hundred words or fraction thereof in the copy or copies so requested may be charged." Approved June 21, 1906.

No doubt any citizen may go to the office and freely take copies of this list, but I suppose the collector is not required to furnish copies, except as set forth in the above statute.

Very truly yours, John Massistant United States Attorney.



